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Corporate Information

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lee Lap, Chairman

Mr. Tommy Lee,

Vice Chairman & Chief Executive Officer

Mdm. Leung Lai Ping Mr. Wong Shiu Kee

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lo Yiu Hee

Mr. Tong Hin Wor

Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Lo Tai On

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Lo Yiu Hee

Mr. Tong Hin Wor

Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo

Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lo Yiu Hee

Mr. Lee Lap

Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lee Lap

Mr. Lo Yiu Hee

Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Flat B, 8/F, Waylee Industrial Centre

30-38 Tsuen King Circuit

Tsuen Wan, New Territories, Hong Kong

Telephone: (852) 2487 5211 Facsimile: (852) 2480 4214 E-mail: group@termbray.com.hk Website: www.termbray.com.hk

HONG KONG REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Standard Limited 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre 28 Queen's Road East

Wanchai, Hong Kong

Telephone: (852) 2980 1768 Facsimile: (852) 2528 3158

LISTING INFORMATION

The Listing Code of the Company's shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited 0093

PRINCIPAL BANKER

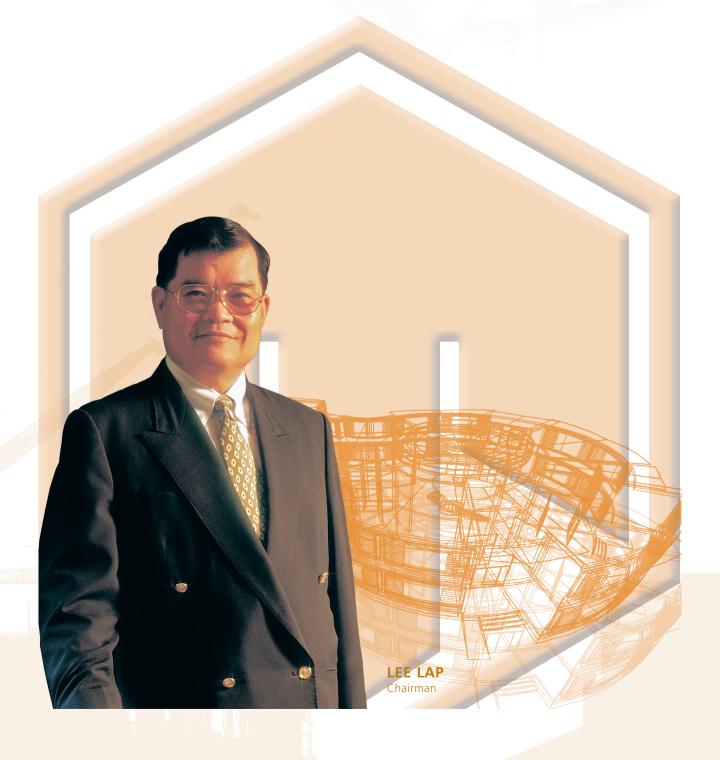
The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited

LEGAL ADVISORS IN HONG KONG

Woo, Kwan, Lee & Lo

AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu



RESULTS

I report to shareholders the results of Termbray Industries International (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") for the financial year ended 31st March, 2013, the Group recorded a profit for the year of HK\$244,994,000 compared with loss for the year of HK\$7,077,000 recorded in last year.

DIVIDEND

No interim dividend was paid by the Company for the six months ended 30th September, 2012 (2011: HK\$0.06 per share, totally HK\$117.5 million).

The board of directors (the "Board") does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31st March, 2013 (2012: HK\$0.09 per share, totally HK\$176.2 million).

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 2nd September, 2013 to Friday, 6th September, 2013 (both days inclusive), during which no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to qualify for attendance of annual general meeting, all completed transfer forms accompanied with the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Tricor Standard Limited, at 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 30th August, 2013.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Property investment and Development

The operating environment for the Group's property investment and development business remains tough during the year under review. Property market in Guangdong Province of Mainland China ("PRC") is still generally slack. The activities of the Group's property projects, which are mainly located in Guangdong Province, continue at a low level during the year.

The Group's completed properties for sale – Ever Success Plaza, comprising of over 440 residential units standing on 3 levels of commercial arcades and car parks, is located at a convenient and prime location with a river view in Zhongshan, Guangdong Province. The competition of the property market in Zhongshan is keen. There are abundant supplies of properties with modern design. The commercial arcades is still vacant and the occupancy rate of the residential units has slightly increased compared with last year. The management has put a lot of effort in marketing the properties and is endeavouring to improve the operation of the commercial arcades. The rental income earned by the Group from Ever Success Plaza during the year slightly increased by 7.79%. The Group has sold 6 residential units during the year under review. As at 31st March, 2013, 217 residential units remained to be sold, out of which 134 residential units were let out.

With regard to the investment in Cong Hua White Swan Bow Yuen Real Estate Development Limited ("Cong Hua Bow Yuen"), the Group has made full provision for impairment loss against the property held by Cong Hua Bow Yuen in the financial statements of the Group in the prior years. During the current year, Cong Hua Bow Yuen has completed the negotiation with the local authorities and entered into a settlement agreement with the local authorities. Pursuant to the settlement agreement, the Group is entitled to receive a compensation of approximately HK\$4,114,000, which is accounted for in the profit and loss account in current year.

Oilfield engineering and consultancy services

At the beginning of the current financial year, the Group held 45.90% interest in Termbray Petro-king Oilfield Services Limited ("Termbray Petro-king") as an associate through Termbray Natural Resources Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group.

The Group's interest in Termbray Petro-king has been diluted to 45.44% upon the exchange of newly issued shares of Termbray Petro-king of 1.01% for the additional interest of 5.5% in the shareholding of its jointly controlled entity ("JCE"), which is engaged in the manufacturing and sales of oilfield tools and equipments in Singapore. The JCE becomes a 51% owned subsidiary of Termbray Petro-king since June 2012.

The financial year end date for Termbray Petro-king and its subsidiaries ("Termbray Petro-king Group") is 31st December, 2012. During the year under review, the Group has applied the equity method of accounting for the audited results of Termbray Petro-king Group as an associate from 1st January, 2012 to 31st December, 2012.

For the year from 1st January, 2012 to 31st December, 2012, Termbray Petro-king Group achieved a turnover of HK\$1,106 million, representing an increase of approximately 98%, as compared to that of year ended 31st December 2011. Such significant growth was attributable to the rapid development of Termbray Petroking Group's oilfield production enhancement business in the China market and the gaining of new overseas customers for well completion projects in the South America. Termbray Petro-king Group's marketing strategy achieved notable results in 2012. During the year, it strategically scaled down and eventually ceased operations in sanctioned countries, such as Iran and Syria and redeployed resources to the development of the China and South American markets. Revenue from the China and South American markets recorded a remarkable growth in 2012 over that of 2011. Benefitting from the continuous growth in demand for energy of China as a major driver of the global economy, Termbray Petro-king Group's professional and quality high-end oilfield services, especially its outstanding performance in tight gas and shale gas fields services, was well recognised by the market and its customers. As a service provider of high-end oilfield services with in-house capabilities of developing and manufacturing of certain key oilfield services tools and equipments, Termbray Petro-king Group continued to expand its manufacturing and production capacities in Singapore and China and had obtained certificates awarded by the API for a number of its self-developed products. Such strategy provided Termbray Petro-king Group with advantages in terms of cost, availability, quality and reliability of the tools and equipment over competitors lacking in-house manufacturing capabilities. The directors considered that the overall performance of Termbray Petro-king Group for the year under review is satisfactory.

Included in the net fair value of the Group's share of Termbray Petro-king Group's identifiable assets and liabilities is intangible assets in relation to incomplete contracts determined based on the income-based method. Such intangible assets are amortised according to the management expectation of realisation of profits of the incomplete contracts over their estimated useful lives of one to two years since October 2010.

Most of the contracts completed by Termbray Petro-king Group during the current year under review are contracts entered into after October 2010. The effect of offset of the Group's share of operating result of Termbray Petro-king Group by the amortization of the intangible assets in relation to incomplete contracts for the current year under review is minimal. The amortization of the intangible assets is HK\$450,000 for the current year (2012: HK\$42.2 million).

The listing of Termbray Petro-king was approved by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") and the shares of Termbray Petro-king (stock code: 2178) was successfully listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange on 6th March, 2013. The Global Offering was completed with the issuance of 250,000,000 shares of Termbray Petro-king under public offer in Hong Kong and international placing at an issue price of HK\$3.28 per share. In addition, the international underwriter has exercised the overallotment option for 37,500,000 additional Termbray Petro-king shares at HK\$3.28. Upon completion of the exercise of over-allotment option, Termbray Petro-king has an issued share capital at an aggregate of 1,037,500,000 shares. The Group held 32.85% interest in Termbray Petro-king as at 31st March, 2013.

The gross proceeds accruing to Termbray Petro-king upon completion of listing are approximately HK\$943 million. The Group has recognised a gain of approximately HK\$166 million from the deemed disposal of the Group's interest in Termbray Petro-king Group from 45.44% to 32.85%, after considering the Group's share of net asset value of Termbray Petro-king Group prior to the listing of Termbray Petro-king shares and the net asset value of Termbray Petro-king Group upon completion of listing (including the exercise of over-allotment option) of Termbray Petro-king shares.

TREASURY INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

The Group still holds a substantial amount of funds of approximately HK\$361 million which have been placed as short term bank deposits with large financial institutions in Hong Kong.

OUTLOOK

The global economy has been recovering from the global financial crisis happened in 2008. However, the debt crisis in Europe today has an unpredictable impact on the recovery of global economy. United States and China are experiencing various challenges after the global economic crisis. In United States, the recovery progress of its economy is slower than expected. In China, the central government has implemented various tightening monetary policies to cool down its economy, especially the overheated property market and high inflation rate. We believe China continues to play a key role in the future global economic recovery. The Group is confidence to capitalising on these opportunities and will grasp every business opportunities available to build up its own distinctive strength and to explore new business in China.

In view of the government policies of China on the development of unconventional gas, the management of Termbray Petro-king Group expected that the chinese national oil companies ("NOC") will continue to aggressively pursue overseas exploration and production projects in order to ensure adequate supplies of oil and gas to meet domestic consumption growth. The management of Termbray Petro-king Group expected that the demand for oilfield project services, particularly the production enhancement, will see sustainable growth in the foreseeable future.

It is the business strategy of Termbray Petro-king Group to expand its customer base through diversification. While maintaining its good business relationship with the NOC, Termbray Petro-king Group have also extended its services to international oil companies, such as from Russia and South America and other non-NOC. It is expected that Termbray Petro-king Group's South American market business will continue to grow and have a significant contribution in 2013.

In addition, the in-house capabilities of developing and manufacturing oilfield services tools and components will further enhance the competitiveness of Termbray Petro-king Group in terms of product quality and technological advancement in the long run.

Following the completion of initial public offering in Hong Kong, Termbray Petro-king Group successfully raised funds for its future business development. Termbray Petro-king Group will speed up the construction of the research and development center and production facilities in Huizhou and target to commence the commercial operation of such facilities in 2014.

The management of Termbray Petro-king Group believe that its technologically leading position in the market, its recognised high-end oilfield service capabilities, and its proven experience in domestic and overseas operations and personnel with international background and strong expertise in the oilfield services industry will put Termbray Petro-king Group in a significantly better position to capture new business opportunities in China and overseas.

We are cautiously optimistic about the future performance of Termbray Petro-king Group.

The Group will continue to operate its property investment and development business and be engaged in oilfield engineering and consultancy services through its interest in Termbray Petro-king Group. The Group will cautiously explore investment opportunity which will result in a steady growth in the Group's long term performance. On the other hand, there exists some underlying risk factors such as oil and commodity price volatility, interest rate movements, the recovery progress of the global economy and natural disasters which cannot be ignored. The Group remains cautiously optimistic about the year ahead in respect of its business and has the confidence to strengthen its competitiveness and to build value for our shareholders.

Lee Lap

Chairman Hong Kong, 21st June, 2013

RESULTS

During the current year under review, the Group achieved a revenue of HK\$8,464,000 and recorded a profit for the year of HK\$244,994,000, compared with the revenue of HK\$5,642,000 and loss for the year of HK\$7,077,000 recorded in last year.

The significant increase in profit for the year is mainly due to the contribution from the share of operation result of Termbray Petro-king Group. For the year from 1st January, 2012 to 31st December, 2012, Termbray Petro-king Group achieved a turnover of HK\$1,106 million, representing an increase of approximately 98%, as compared to that of year ended 31st December, 2011. Such significant growth was attributable to the rapid development of Termbray Petro-king Group's oilfield production enhancement business in the China market and the gaining of new overseas customers for well completion projects in the South America. Moreover, the effect of offset of the share of operating result of Termbray Petro-king Group by the amortization of the intangible assets in relation to incomplete contracts of Termbray Petro-king Group of HK\$450,000 (2012: HK\$42.2 million) is minimal during the year under review.

In addition, the Group recognised a gain of approximately of HK\$166 million from the deemed disposal of interest in Termbray Petro-king Group from 45.44% to 32.85% upon the successful listing of Termbray Petro-king Group on the main board of the Stock Exchange on 6th March, 2013.

REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Sale of properties	3,146	476
Rental income	5,318	5,166
± 10°		
	8,464	5,642

Segment revenue and results:

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by operating segment.

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Revenue from property investment and development segment	8,464	5,642
Segment profit from property investment and development segment	9,136	5,636
Unallocated other income	946	1,503
Unallocated other gains and losses	3,786	1,707
Unallocated expenses	(12,557)	(13,401)
Share of results of an associate	78,048	(2,522)
Gain on deemed disposal of interest in an associate	165,635	
Profit (loss) for the year	244,994	(7,077)

All of the segment revenue reported above is from external customers.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies. Segment profit represents the profit earned by property investment and development segment without allocation of unallocated other income, unallocated other gains and losses, unallocated expenses, share of results of an associate and gain on deemed disposal of interest in an associate. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker of the Group for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

Geographical information

The Group's operations are located in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China ("PRC").

The Group's revenue from external customers by location where the goods are delivered and services are rendered are detailed below:

		Revenue from external customers	
	2013	2012	
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Hong Kong	2,400	2,400	
The PRC	6,064	2,400 3,242	
Section 1			
	8,464	5,642	

A more detailed analysis of the Group's segment information is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

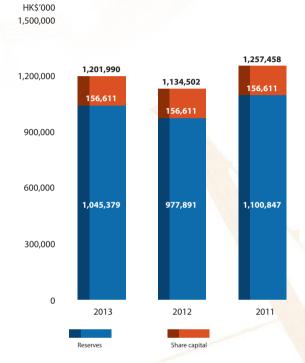
As at 31st March, 2013, the Group remains cash-rich and has no material capital expenditure commitments. The operations are financed by capital and reserves.

Bank balances and cash amounted to approximately HK\$361 million and accounted for 73.6% of total current assets.

Foreign currency risk of the Group is not significant as the assets of the Group comprised substantially of cash denominated in Hong Kong dollar. No financial instrument is needed for hedging purposes in respect of interest rate and currency.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31st March, 2013, the Group's operations were financed by capital and reserves.



ORDER BOOK

Due to its business nature, the Group has no order book at 31st March, 2013. The Group has no new product and services to be introduced to the market.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The aggregate sales attributable to the Group's largest customer and five largest customers accounted for approximately 28.4% and 55.1% respectively of the Group's revenue for the year. The five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for less than 30.0% of the Group's total purchases for the year.

During the year, the Group has not made any purchases other than incurring rental outgoings and overhead expenses.

Save as the connected transaction disclosed in pages 24 to 25 of this report, none of the Company's directors, their associates or any shareholders of the Company (who to the best of knowledge of the Company's directors owned more than 5% of the Company's issued shares) had a beneficial interest in any of the Group's five largest customers and the five largest suppliers.

STAFF AND EMOLUMENT POLICY

As at 31st March, 2013, the Group employed 39 staff at market remunerations with staff benefits such as insurance, provident fund scheme and discretionary bonus and share option scheme.

The emolument policy regarding the employees of the Group is based on their merit, qualifications and competence. The emoluments of the directors are reviewed by the remuneration committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics. No director, or any of his associates, and executive is involved in dealing his own remuneration. The Company has a share option scheme as an incentive to directors and eligible employees, details of the scheme is set out on pages 25 to 26 of the Directors' Report.

The directors of the Company present their annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st March, 2013.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding.

The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries during the year were property development and investment. The principal activities of the Group's associate were provision of oilfield engineering and consultancy services and sales and manufacturing of oilfield related tools and equipment.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31st March, 2013 and the state of affairs of the Group as at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 41 to 90.

DIVIDEND

No interim dividend was paid by the Company for the six months ended 30th September, 2012 (2011: HK\$0.06 per share, totally HK\$117.5 million).

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31st March, 2013 (2012: HK\$0.09 per share, totally HK\$176.2 million).

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 2nd September, 2013 to Friday, 6th September, 2013 (both days inclusive), during which no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to qualify for attendance of annual general meeting, all completed transfer forms accompanied with the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Tricor Standard Limited, at 26th Floor, Tesbury Centre, 28 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 30th August, 2013.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment and investment property of the Group during the year are set out in note 14 and note 15 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

MAJOR PROPERTIES

Particulars of the Group's major completed properties for sale are set out on page 92.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 44.

DONATIONS

During the year, the Group had not made any charitable and other donations (2012: HK\$851,000).

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A five year financial summary of the Group is set out on pages 93 and 94.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at 31st March, 2013 were as follows:

	HK\$'000
Contributed surplus	191,810
Retained profits	107,556
	299,366

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus account of the Company is available for distribution. However, the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if:

- (i) it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (ii) the realizable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issue share capital and share premium account.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the financial year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Lee Lap Mr. Tommy Lee Mdm. Leung Lai Ping Mr. Wong Shiu Kee

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Lo Yiu Hee Mr. Tong Hin Wor

Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo

In accordance with the Company's Bye-law 99(A), Mr. Tommy Lee, Mr. Lo Yiu Hee and Mr. Tong Hin Wor shall retire from the Board by rotation. All retiring directors, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The Company has received annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive directors as regards their independence to the Company pursuant to paragraph 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and considers that each of the independent non-executive directors is independent to the Company.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping have respectively a service contract with the Company for service as executive director which is terminable by either party giving to the other party not less than six months' prior notice in writing.

Mr. Tommy Lee and Mr. Wong Shiu Kee have respectively a service contract with the Company for service as executive director which is terminable by either party giving to the other party not less than three months' prior notice in writing.

Mr. Lo Yiu Hee and Mr. Tong Hin Wor, the independent non-executive directors, and Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo, the non-executive director, have respectively entered into an appointment letter with the Company for service as an independent non-executive director or non-executive director for a term of 2 years from 1st January, 2013 to 31st December, 2014, which appointment shall terminate on the earlier of (i) 31st December, 2014; or (ii) the date on which the director concerned ceases to be an independent non-executive director or non-executive director pursuant to the Bye-laws or any other applicable laws.

Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel has on 12th December, 2011 entered into an appointment letter with the Company for service as an independent non-executive director for a term of 2 years from 12th December, 2011 to 11th December, 2013, which appointment shall terminate on the earlier of (i) 11th December, 2013; or (ii) the date on which the director concerned ceases to be an independent non-executive director pursuant to the Bye-laws or any other applicable laws.

Other than the aforesaid, none of the directors had any existing or proposed service contract with any member of the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Lee Lap, aged 70, is the Chairman of the Company and he is also a member of the remuneration committee and the Chairman of the nomination committee of the Board of the Company. He is the founder of the Group and has been actively involved in the printed circuit board and electronics industry in Hong Kong since 1968. Mr. Lee is responsible for overall policy and decision making and business development of the Group. Mr. Lee is an honorary citizen of Zhongshan, Shenzhen and Guangzhou in PRC.

Mr. Tommy Lee, aged 35, is the Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company since 2008 and 2010 respectively. He is the son of Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping. He studied Economics in the Seneca College in Canada. Mr. Lee had been the Vice President of a private company which is principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of printed circuit board and he was responsible for the overall management and strategic planning of the private company. He is a non-executive director of Termbray Petro-king Oilfield Services Limited which is listed on the Stock Exchange.

Madam Leung Lai Ping, aged 64, is the wife of Mr. Lee Lap. She has been involved in overall policy and decision making and general administration of the Group since 1968.

Mr. Wong Shiu Kee, aged 49, is the Finance Director of the Company. He first joined the Company in 1991 and rejoined the Company in 2000. With over 20 years of experience in financial management, he is a fellow member of both the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and is also a qualified Chartered Secretary designated as ACIS and ACS.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lo Yiu Hee, aged 55, was appointed as an independent non-executive director in 2004 and is the Chairman of the audit committee and the remuneration committee and a member of the nomination committee of the Board of the Company. He holds bachelor and master degrees in business administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. Mr. Lo is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and CPA Australia. Mr. Lo has over 20 years of experience in finance and accounting in various listed companies. He was the Vice President of CPA Australia, Hong Kong China Division for 2000/01 and 2003/04, and councilor from 1997 to 2006. He is presently the chief financial officer of an apparel manufacturing company and member of the Disciplinary Panel of CPA Australia.

Mr. Tong Hin Wor, aged 68, was appointed as an independent non-executive director in 2008 and is a member of the audit committee of the Board of the Company. He holds a diploma in management studies from Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Mr. Tong has over 30 years of working experience in financial management. Mr. Tong was the financial controller of Termbray Electronics Company Limited in 1991. He was the financial controller of Karrie Industrial Company Limited, a company principally engaged in electronics and sheet metal manufacturing in 1993, the Group controller of Elec & Eltek (International) Limited in 1995 and the Group vice president of Elec & Eltek Corporate Services Limited from 1995 to 2004. Mr. Tong is an independent non-executive director of Tembray Petro-king Oilfield Services Limited which is listed on the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel, aged 59, was appointed as an independent non-executive director in 2011 and is a member of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Board of the Company. Mr. Siu has over 35 years of working experience in industrial manufacturing management. Mr. Siu was the general manager of Termbray Electronics Company Limited in 1994. Mr. Siu had also taken the role of general manager in several multinational companies in various industries. Currently, he is the managing director of Allied Telesis (Hong Kong) Limited, which is engaged in development and manufacturing of networking products.

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo, aged 53, has been an independent non-executive director of the Company from March, 1997 to September, 2004. On 30th September, 2004, he was re-designated as a non-executive director of the Company. He is a member of the audit committee of the Board of the Company. He holds a Bachelor of Laws degree from the University of Hong Kong. He is a practising solicitor and a partner of Woo, Kwan, Lee & Lo. Mr. Lee is a non-executive director of Hopewell Holdings Limited, CSPC Pharmaceutical Group Limited, Yugang International Limited, Y.T. Realty Group Limited, Safety Godown Company Limited, and an independent non-executive director of KWG Property Holding Limited and Ping An Insurance (Group) Company of China, Ltd., all of which are companies whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange. He is the Chairman of the Listing Committee of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Lee is also a member of the SFC (HKEC Listing) Committee, a member of SFC Dual Filing Advisory Group of Securities and Futures Commission and a member of the Disciplinary Panel of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Lee resigned as a non-executive director of The Cross-Harbour (Holdings) Limited with effect from 31st December, 2012.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The directors are closely involved in and are directly responsible for all activities of the Group. The Board considers that only the above-mentioned four executive directors are regarded as members of the Group's senior management.

EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR EMPLOYEES

Details of the emoluments of directors and senior employees are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND OPTIONS

The interests of the Company's directors, chief executives and their associates in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations as at 31st March, 2013 as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO") or otherwise notified pursuant to Divisions 7 to 9 of Part XV of the SFO, were as follows:

(A) Long Positions in Shares of the Company

			Number of	Shares		
	Personal	Family	Corporate	Other	\	Percentage of total issued
Name of directors	interest	interest	interest	interest	Total	shares
Mr. Lee Lap	-	_		1,252,752,780 (note)	1,252,752,780	63.99%
Mdm. Leung Lai Ping	-	-	-	1,252,752,780	1,252,752,780	63.99%
Mr. Tommy Lee	-	-	-	(note) 1,252,752,780 (note)	1,252,752,780	63.99%

Note:

The 1,252,752,780 shares included under the other interest of Mr. Lee Lap, Mdm. Leung Lai Ping and Mr. Tommy Lee are held by Lee & Leung (B.V.I.) Limited. Lee & Leung (B.V.I.) Limited is wholly-owned by First Trend Management (PTC) Limited as trustee for Lee & Leung Family Unit Trust. All the units in Lee & Leung Family Unit Trust are held by HSBC International Trustee Limited as trustee for Lee & Leung Family Trust. Mr. Lee Lap is the settlor of the Lee & Leung Family Trust. The discretionary beneficiaries of the Lee & Leung Family Trust are Mdm. Leung Lai Ping, the children of Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping (including Mr. Tommy Lee) and the offspring of such children.

(B) Long Positions in Shares of Associated Corporations

Name of directors	Name of subsidians	Number of non-voting deferred shares held	% of total issued non-voting deferred shares
Name of directors	Name of subsidiary	(note)	snares
Mr. Lee Lap	Applied Industrial Company Limited	1,000	40%
	Lee Plastics Manufacturing Company Limited	250,000	50%
	Magnetic Electronics Limited	5,000	100%
	Termbray Electronics Company Limited	7,000	70%
Mdm. Leung Lai Ping	Applied Industrial Company Limited	1,500	60%
	Lee Plastics Manufacturing Company Limited	250,000	50%
	Termbray Electronics Company Limited	3,000	30%

Note: All the above non-voting deferred shares are held by the above directors personally as beneficial owner.

Saved as disclosed above, as at 31st March, 2013, none of the directors or chief executive of the Company had any interest or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO.

Apart from the share option scheme of the Company, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

During the year, the Group had entered into transactions with Panda Investment Company Limited ("Panda Investment"), which are described in note 25 to the financial statements. Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping have beneficial interests in Panda Investment.

During the year, the Group's property has been leased to Mr. Lee Wing Keung, the son of Mr. Lee Lap, details of which are disclosed in the section headed "Connected Transaction".

Save as aforementioned, no other contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries was a party or were parties and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Pursuant to paragraph 8.10 of the Listing Rules, the Company discloses that Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping are interested in companies engaged in property investment and development in Mainland China and Hong Kong ("Competing Business").

The Board of the Company has established procedures to identify any conflict of interest due to the interests of Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping. If conflict of interest arises, Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping will abstain from participating in making any decision. The Company is therefore capable of carrying on its business independently of, and at arm's length from the Competing Business.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company or its subsidiaries were entered into or existed during the year.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

The person (other than the directors as disclosed in the "Directors' interests in Shares and Options") interested in 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31st March, 2013 as recorded in the register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Ordinary Share of the Company

		Number of issued ordinary shares of HK\$0.08	Percentage of the issued share capital of the
Name of shareholders	Capacity	each held	Company
Lee & Leung (B.V.I.) Limited (note 1)	Beneficial owner	1,252,752,780	63.99%
First Trend Management (PTC) Limited (note 1)	Held by controlled corporation as trustee for Lee & Leung Family Unit Trust	1,252,752,780	63.99%
HSBC International Trustee Limited (note 1)	Held by controlled corporation as trustee for Lee & Leung Family Trust	1,252,752,780	63.99%
Cosmo Telecommunication Inc. (note 2)	Beneficial owner	151,202,960	7.72%
Ms. Jing Xiao Ju	Held by controlled corporation	151,202,960	7.72%
East Glory Trading Limited (note 3)	Beneficial owner	103,397,540	5.28%
Master Winner Limited (note 3)	Held by controlled corporation	103,397,540	5.28%
Mr. Yuan Qinghua	Held by controlled corporation	103,397,540	5.28%

Notes:

- (1) The 1,252,752,780 shares are held by Lee & Leung (B.V.I.) Limited which is a wholly-owned by First Trend Management (PTC) Limited as trustee for Lee & Leung Family Unit Trust. All the units in Lee & Leung Family Unit Trust are held by HSBC International Trustee Limited as trustee for Lee & Leung Family Trust. Mr. Lee Lap is the settlor of Lee & Leung Family Trust. The discretionary beneficiaries of Lee & Leung Family Trust are Mdm. Leung Lai Ping, the children of Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping (including Mr. Tommy Lee) and the offspring of such children.
- (2) Cosmo Telecommunication Inc. is a wholly owned by Ms. Jing Xiao Ju.
- (3) East Glory Trading Limited is wholly owned by Master Winner Limited, which in turn is wholly owned by Mr. Yuan Qinghua.

Saved as disclosed above, the Company has not been notified of any other interests or short positions in the shares or the underlying shares of the Company representing 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31st March, 2013.

CONNECTED TRANSACTION

Pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, the Company discloses the following continuing connected transaction entered into during the year:

On 14th March 2011, Termbray (Fujian) Land Development Company Limited ("Termbray Fujian"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, as lessor and Mr. Lee Wing Keung as lessee renewed a lease agreement, pursuant to which the lessee will lease a residential property in the Hong Kong Island with a saleable area of approximately 306 square metres from the lessor for a term of three years from 16th March, 2011 to 15th March, 2014 at a monthly rent of HK\$200,000 (inclusive of rates, management fees, utility charges). The monthly rent is based on a valuation report as at 31st January 2011 issued by Vigers Appraisal & Consulting Limited.

The rental income earned by the Group during the current year is HK\$2,400,000 (2012: HK\$2,400,000). Mr. Lee Wing Keung is the son of Mr. Lee Lap, Chairman of the Company, and, as such, is treated as an associate of Mr. Lee Lap under Rule 14A.11(4)(b) of the Listing Rules and thereby is a connected person of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Accordingly, the signing of the lease agreement constitutes a continuing connected transaction for the Company under the Listing Rules.

The independent non-executive directors of the Company have reviewed the above transactions and opined that the connected transaction has been entered into:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company, and
- (ii) on normal commercial terms, and

(iii) in accordance with the relevant agreement governing it on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transaction in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Review of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued its unqualified letter covering its findings and conclusions in respect of the Group's continuing connected transaction as disclosed above in accordance with Rule 14A.38 of the Listing Rules and confirmed that the above continuing connected transaction:

- (a) has received the approval of the Board;
- (b) has been entered into in accordance with the pricing policies of the Company;
- (c) has been entered into in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreement governing such transaction; and
- (d) has not exceeded the relevant cap amount of HK\$2,400,000 for the financial year ended 31st March, 2013.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The existing share option scheme ("Scheme") of the Company was adopted on 18th August, 2006 as an incentive to attract, retain and motivate talented participants to strive for future developments and expansion of the Group and to provide the Company with a flexible means of giving incentive to, rewarding, remunerating, compensating and/or providing benefits to the participants. The Scheme is for a period of 10 years from the date of adoption on 18th August, 2006. The directors may, at their discretion, make an offer to any participant to take up options. An option is deemed to have been granted and accepted by the grantee upon his or her signing the duplicate letter comprising acceptance of the option and paying HK\$1 by way of consideration for the grant thereof.

The subscription price for shares of the Company under the Scheme will be highest of (i) the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the offer date (which date must be a business day); (ii) a price being the average of the closing prices of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date, and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company.

The total number of shares of the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 10 per cent. of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the date of approval of the Scheme. An option may be exercised during a period to be determined by the directors in its absolute discretion and in any event such period shall not be longer than 10 years from the date upon which the option is granted.

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the option granted to each participant under the Scheme in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1 per cent of the total number of shares in issue of the Company. Any further grant of options in excess of the 1 per cent limit shall be subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting with such participant and his or her associates abstaining from voting.

No option was granted, exercised, lapsed or cancelled during the year. There was no outstanding options as at 31st March, 2013.

PROVIDENT FUND SCHEME

The Group has a mandatory provident fund scheme ("MPF Scheme") managed by a banking group. All staff employed in Hong Kong joined the MPF Scheme. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution scheme and the assets of which are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds. Both of the employer and the employee are required to make mandatory contributions to the MPF Scheme calculated at 5% of the employee's monthly relevant income, subject to the rules and regulations of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. As at 31st March, 2013, the Group had no forfeited contributions (2012: Nil) available to offset future employers' contributions to the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC are members of a state-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the PRC government. The subsidiary is required to contribute certain percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to this retirement benefit scheme is to make the specified contributions.

The contribution made by the Group charged to the income statement in respect of the year are as follows:

	2013	2012
	HK\$	HK\$
Gross employers' contributions	151	213
Less: Forfeited contributions	_	_
Net contributions	151	213

PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its directors, as of the date of this report, there is sufficient public float of the shares of the Company with not less than 25% of the total issued shares of the Company as required under the Listing Rules.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws although there are no statutory restrictions against such rights under the laws in Bermuda.

AUDITOR

The financial statements for the three years ended 31st March, 2013 were audited by Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu.

A resolution to re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

By order of the Board

Termbray Industries International (Holdings) Limited
Lee Lap

Chairman

Hong Kong, 21st June, 2013

The Company are committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance. We firmly believe that to maintain a good, solid and sensible framework of corporate governance will ensure the Company to run its business in the best interests of its shareholders as a whole.

The Company adopted all the code provisions in the Corporate Governance Code ("the Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") as its own code on corporate governance practices.

The Company has complied during the year ended 31st March, 2013 with the Code save as disclosed below.

Pursuant to code provision A.4.2., every director, including those appointed for a specific term, should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The Company is subject to a private act called "The Termbray Industries International (Holdings) Limited Act 1991". Section 4(g) of the said Act provides that: "Notwithstanding anything contained in the Companies Act or rule of law to the contrary, the directors of the Company shall not be required to be elected at each annual general meeting, but shall (save for any chairman or managing director) be subject to retirement by rotation in such manner and at such frequency as the bye-laws may provide." Accordingly, the chairman and managing director of the Company may not be made subject to retirement by rotation. The Company has amended its Bye-laws to provide that every director of the Company, other than directors holding the office of chairman or managing director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every 3 years, while directors holding the office of chairman or managing director shall be subject to re-election once every 3 years.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The board of directors (the "Board") is charged with leading the Group in a responsible and effective manner. Each director has to carry out his/her duties in utmost good faith above and beyond any prevailing applicable laws and regulations and act in the best interests of the shareholders. The duties of the Board include establishing the strategic direction of the Group, setting objectives and monitoring the performance of the Group.

The Board has established schedule of matters specifically reserved to the Board for its decision and those reserved for the management. The Board reviews this schedule on a periodic basis to ensure that it remains appropriate to the needs of the Company.

The Board of the Company consists of 4 executive directors, 3 independent non-executive directors and 1 non-executive director. Their brief biographical details are described on pages 18 and 19 of the Annual Report. Saved as disclosed therein, there are no other business, financial, family and other relevant interests among directors.

The chairman and the chief executive officer have different roles. The chairman is responsible for the operation of the Board and the chief executive officer is responsible for managing the operations of the Group. Their functions have been clearly divided to ensure a balanced distribution of power and authority not concentrating on a single individual.

The independent non-executive directors, all of whom are independent of the management of the Company, are highly experienced professionals coming from a diversified industrial background. They ensure that the Board maintains high standards of financial and other mandatory reporting as well as providing adequate check and balance to safeguard the interest of shareholders and the Company as a whole.

Mr. Lo Yiu Hee and Mr. Tong Hin Wor, the independent non-executive directors, and Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo, the non-executive director, have respectively entered into an appointment letter with the Company for service as an independent non-executive director or non-executive director for a term of 2 years from 1st January, 2013 to 31st December, 2014, which appointment shall terminate on the earlier of (i) 31st December, 2014; or (ii) the date on which the director concerned ceases to be an independent non-executive director or non-executive director pursuant to the bye-law of the Company or any other applicable laws.

Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel has on 12th December, 2011 entered into an appointment letter with the Company for service as an independent non-executive director for a term of 2 years from 12th December, 2011 to 11th December, 2013, which appointment shall terminate on the earlier of (i) 11th December, 2013; or (ii) the date on which the director concerned ceases to be an independent non-executive director pursuant to the Bye-laws or any other applicable laws.

The Board has set up an independent professional consulting procedures and upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expenses. The full Board meets regularly to review the financial and operating performance of the Group. Additional board meetings were held when necessary. Due notice and Board papers were given to all directors prior to the meeting in accordance with the Listing Rules and the Code.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties, including the following:

- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and directors; and
- to review the Company's compliance with the corporate governance code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

DIRECTORS' TRAINING

Directors of the Company are continually updated with legal and regulatory developments and the business environment to facilitate discharge of their responsibilities. All directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

In addition, from 1st April, 2012, directors are provided with monthly updates on the Company's performance, position and prospects to enable the Board as a whole and each director to discharge their duties.

Continuing education and information are provided to the directors regularly to help ensuring that the directors are appraised of the latest changes in the commercial, legal and regulatory environment in which the Group conducts its businesses.

Based on the training records provided to the Company by the directors, the directors have participated in the following training during the year ended 31st March, 2013:

Name of directors	Reading regulatory updates/attending in house briefing	Attending expert briefing/seminars/ conference relevant to the business/ director's duties
Mr. Lee Lap (Chairman)	4	
Mr. Tommy Lee (Vice Chairman &	V	
Chief Executive Officer)	$\sqrt{}$	
Mdm. Leung Lai Ping	$\sqrt[4]{}$	
Mr. Wong Shiu Kee	√	$\sqrt{}$
Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
Mr. Lo Yiu Hee	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
Mr. Tong Hin Wor	$\sqrt{}$	
Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel	\checkmark	

There were 5 Board meetings held in the financial year ended 31st March, 2013. The attendance record of each director is shown below. All business transacted at the above meetings are well-documented and maintained in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

	No. of Board	
Name of directors	meeting attended	Attendance Rate
Mr. Lee Lap (Chairman)	5/5	100%
Mr. Tommy Lee (Vice Chai <mark>rm</mark> an &	4/5	80%
Chief Executive Officer)		
Mdm. Leung Lai Ping	5/5	100%
Mr. Wong Shiu Kee	5/5	100%
Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo	5/5	100%
Mr. Lo Yiu Hee	5/5	100%
Mr. Tong Hin Wor	5/5	100%
Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel	5/5	100%

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules (the "Model Code"), as the code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions.

The Company have made specific enquiry of all directors that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the year ended 31st March, 2013.

In addition, the Board also established written guidelines on no less exacting terms than the Model Code for senior management of the Company in respect of their dealings in the securities of the Company.

BOARD COMMITTEES

To strengthen the functions of the Board and to enhance its expertise, there are three Board committees namely, the audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee formed under the Board, with each performing different functions.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee, which is chaired by Mr. Lo Yiu Hee, has been established with defined terms of reference in alignment with the recommendations set out in "A Guide for Effective Audit Committees" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code of the Listing Rules. Other members are Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo, Mr. Tong Hin Wor and Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel.

The audit committee meets no less than twice a year with the senior management and the external auditors to review the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and other financial reporting matters, assures the completeness, accuracy and fairness of the financial statements of the Group, discuss the effectiveness of the systems of internal control throughout the Group and most importantly, reviews all significant business affairs managed by the executive directors in particular on connected transactions. The audit committee also provides advice and recommendations to the Board and oversees all matters relating to the external auditors, and it plays an important role in monitoring and safeguarding the independence of external auditors.

The audit committee met 2 times during the financial year ended 31st March, 2013. Set out below is the summary of work done during the year under review:

- to review the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st March, 2012 and for the six months ended 30th September, 2012;
- to discuss on the effectiveness of the internal control system;
- to review the auditors' statutory audit plan and the letters of representation; and
- to consider and approve the 2012 audit fees.

The attendance record of each member is shown below. All business transacted at the above meetings are well-documented and maintained in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

Name of audit committee members	No. of meeting attended	Attendance Rate
Mr. Lo Yiu Hee (Chairman)	2/2	100%
Mr. Tong Hin Wor	2/2	100%
Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo	2/2	100%
Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel	2/2	100%

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The remuneration committee, chaired by Mr. Lo Yiu Hee, has been established with defined terms of reference. Other members are Mr. Lee Lap and Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel.

The Company aims to design remuneration policies that attract and retain executives needed to run the Group successfully and to motivate executives to pursue appropriate growth strategies whilst taking into account performance of the individual. The remuneration should reflect performance, complexity and responsibility of the individual; and the remuneration package will be structured to include salary, bonus and share options scheme to provide incentives to directors and senior management to improve their individual performances.

The role and function of the remuneration committee include formulation of the remuneration policy, review and recommending to the Board the annual remuneration policy, and determination of the remuneration of the executive directors.

Set out below is the summary of work done of the remuneration committee during the year under review:

- to review the remuneration policy of the year ended 31st March, 2013;
- to review the appointment letter of independent non-executive directors and non-executive director;
- to review the remuneration of the executive directors and the independent non-executive directors and non-executive director; and
- to review the annual share option policy.

The remuneration committee met once during the financial year ended 31st March, 2013 with the presence of all members of the remuneration committee. The attendance record of each member is shown below:

Name of remuneration committee members	No. of meeting attended	Attendance Rate
Mr. Lo Yiu Hee (Chairman)	1/1	100%
Mr. Lee Lap	1/1	100%
Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel	1/1	100%

The Board considers that only the four executive directors are regarded as members of the senior management. Particulars regarding director's remuneration and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The nomination committee, chaired by Mr. Lee Lap, has been established since 1st April, 2012 with defined terms of reference. Other members are Mr. Lo Yiu Hee and Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel.

The nomination committee is responsible for:

- review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships;

- assess the independence of independent non-executive directors;
- make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors, in particular the Chairman and the chief executive; and
- consider other topics as defined by the Board.

The nomination committee met once during the financial year ended 31st March, 2013 with the presence of all members of the nomination committee. The attendance record of each member is shown below:

Name of nomination committee members	No. of meeting attended	Attendance Rate
Mr. Lee Lap (Chairman)	1/1	100%
Mr. Lo Yiu Hee	1/1	100%
Mr. Siu Lok Chow, Gabriel	1/1	100%

OTHER INFORMATION

The Company had established its own website to communicate with shareholders and investors.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The remuneration in respect of services provided by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu for the Group for the year ended 31st March, 2013 are analysed as follows:

	31st March, 2013 HK\$	31st March, 2012 HK\$
Audit service Non audit service	1,100,000 298,039	1,100,000 256,908
	1,398,039	1,356,908

Note: The remuneration for non audit services mainly includes fee regarding the review of the interim financial report of the Group for the six months ended 30th September, 2012 amounted to HK\$268,239 (2012: HK\$227,108).

Corporate Governance Report

INTERNAL CONTROL

The Company places great importance on internal control and risk management. The Board has overall responsibility for the system of internal controls and for reviewing its effectiveness. During the year, the Board had conducted a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control of the Group. The review covered all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions and also considered the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programme and budget. Based on the results of the review, the Group will continue to take steps to further enhance the effectiveness of the internal control system.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company has engaged and appointed Mr. Lo Tai On, a representative from an external secretarial services provider, as the company secretary of the Company. The primary contact person with the company secretary of the Company is Mr. Wong Shiu Kee, an executive director of the Company. Mr. Lo has confirmed that he has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant training.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the year, there is no change in the Company's constitutional documents.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

Procedures for requisitioning a special general meeting

Pursuant to bye-law 62, the Board may, whenever it thinks it, convene special general meeting, and special general meeting shall also be convened on requisition, as provided by the Companies Act, or, in default, may be convened by the requisitionists.

Procedures for putting forward proposals at general meetings

Shareholder(s) holding not less than one-twentieth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right to vote at general meetings of the Company or not less than 100 shareholders may, at their expense, provide a written request to the attention of the company secretary signed and deposited in accordance with the Bermuda Companies Act 1981.

Corporate Governance Report

Communication with shareholders and investors

Shareholders are provided with detailed information about the Company set out in the interim/annual report and/or the circular so that they can exercise their rights in an informed manner.

The Company uses a range of communication tools, such as the annual general meeting, the annual report, interim report, various notices, announcements and circulars, to ensure the shareholders are kept well informed of key business imperatives. Procedures for conducting a poll are explained by the Chairman of the meeting at the general meetings of the Company.

General meetings of the Company provide a direct forum of communication between shareholders and the Board. Shareholders are welcome to put forward enquiries to the Board or the management thereat and the Chairman of the Board, or in his absence, an executive director of the Company, as well as chairmen of the nomination committee, remuneration committee and audit committee, or in their absence, other members of the respective committees, and where applicable, the independent board committee, will be commonly be present and available to answer questions and shareholders may also contact the company secretary to direct their written enquiries.

At the annual general meeting held on 7th September, 2012, a resolution was proposed by the Chairman in respect of each separate issue itemized on the agenda, including re-election of retiring directors. The Chairman of the Board and members of all committees answered questions from shareholders. No other general meeting was held during the year. The attendance record of each director is shown below:

Name of directors	General meeting attended	Attendance Rate
Mr. Lee Lap (Chairman)	1/1	100%
Mr. <mark>Tomm</mark> y Lee (Vice Chair <mark>ma</mark> n &		
Chief Executive Officer)	0/1	0%
Mdm. Leung Lai Ping	0/1	0%
Mr. Wong Shiu Kee	1/1	100%
Mr. Lee Ka Sze, Carmelo	1/1	100%
Mr. Lo Yiu Hee 🍐 🖊	1/1	100%
Mr. Tong Hin Wor	1/1	100%
Mr. Siu Lok Chow <mark>, Gabriel</mark>	1/1	100%

The Company is committed to enhancing communications and relationships with its investors. Designated management maintains an open dialogue with the press and analysts to keep them abreast of the Company's developments.

The Company also maintains a website at www.termbray.com.hk, where updates on the Company's business developments and operations, financial information and news can always be found.

Corporate Governance Report

Shareholders and investors may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing as follows:

Address: Flat B, 8/F., Waylee Industrial Centre, 30-38 Tsuen King Circuit, Tsuen Wan,

New Territories, Hong Kong

Fax: (852) 2480 4214

Email: group@termbray.com.hk

In addition, procedure for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director of the Company is available on the Company's website at www.termbray.com.hk. The above procedures are subject to the Bye-laws of the Company and applicable laws and regulations.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR PREPARING THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors acknowledge that it is their responsibility in preparing the financial statements. The statement of the auditor about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on page 39 and 40.

CONCLUSION

The Company strongly believes that the quality and standard of corporate governance reflects the quality of the management and the operations of the Group's business. Good corporate governance can safeguard the proper use of funds and effective allocation of resources and to protect shareholders' interests. The management wholeheartedly advocates of the good practice in corporate governance and will try our best to maintain, strengthen and improve the standard and quality of the Group's corporate governance.

Independent Auditor's Report

Deloitte.

德勤

TO THE MEMBERS OF

TERMBRAY INDUSTRIES INTERNATIONAL (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Termbray Industries International (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 41 to 90, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31st March, 2013, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Independent Auditor's Report

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31st March, 2013, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong 21st June, 2013

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

		2013	2012
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Revenue	6	8,464	5,642
Cost of goods sold and services rendered		(3,833)	(2,636)
Gross profit		4,631	3,006
Other income	7	5,176	1,799
Other gains and losses	8	171,068	6,389
Administrative expenses	O	(13,565)	(15,380)
Share of result of an associate		78,048	(2,522)
<u> </u>		7 676 16	(=/==/
Profit (loss) before taxation		245,358	(6,708)
Taxation	9	(364)	(369)
Profit (loss) for the year	10	244,994	(7,077)
Other comprehensive (expense) income			
Exchange differences arisi <mark>ng</mark> from translation of			
foreign operations		(740)	(1,820)
Share of other comprehensive income of			2 222
an associate		711	3,399
Reclassification adjustment for exchange translation			
reserve transferred to profit or loss upon deemed disposal of interest in an associate		(1,289)	
disposal of lifterest iii all associate		(1,203)	
Other comprehensive (expense) income for the year		(1,318)	1,579
		(1)212)	.,,
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year			
attributable to owners of the Company		243,676	(5,498)
		HK cents	HK cents
Basic earnings (loss) per share	13	12.51	(0.36)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 31st March, 2013

		2013	2012
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Notes	11114 000	111(\$ 000
Non-current assets			
	14	44.425	46 100
Property, plant and equipment		44,435	46,109
Investment property	15	29,839	30,172
Interest in an associate	16	659,262	477,357
Pledged bank deposits	17 & 23(a)	2,000	2,000
		735,536	555,638
Current assets			
Completed properties for sale		122,634	122,771
Other receivables		4,148	42
Deposits and prepayments		2,065	1,995
Taxation recoverable		429	377
Bank balances and cash	17	361,259	473,155
			7
		490,535	598,340
		100,000	330,010
Current liabilities			
		2.020	2.400
Other payables and accrued charges		3,030	3,480
Dividend payable		12,505	5,002
Deposits received	4.0	710	652
Provisions	18		3,173
Amount due to a related company	19 & 25(b)	2,589	1,992
Taxation payable		3,767	3,830
		22,601	18,129
Net current assets		467,934	580,211
I Da	and the state of t		
Total assets less current liabilities		1,203,470	1,135,849
Total assets less turrellt liabilities		1,203,470	1,133,043

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At 31st March, 2013

		2013	2012
	Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities	20	1,063	930
Net assets		1,202,407	1,134,919
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	21	156,611	156,611
Reserves		1,045,379	977,891
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		1,201,990	1,134,502
Non-controlling interests		417	417
Total equity		1,202,407	1,134,919

The consolidated financial statements on pages 41 to 90 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 21st June, 2013 and are signed on its behalf by:

12	
Lee Lap	Wong Shiu Kee
Director	Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

		Attributable	to owners of the	e Company			
	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Exchange translation reserve HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1st April, 2011	156,611	404,370	13,046	683,431	1,257,458	417	1,257,875
Loss for the year	-	- (9	(7,077)	(7,077)	-	(7,077)
Exchange differences arising from translation of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive income	-	-	(1,820)	-	(1,820)	-	(1,820)
of an associate	_	-	3,399	-	3,399	_	3,399
Total comprehensive income (expense)			4 570	(7,077)	/F 400\		/E 400
for the year			1,579	(7,077)	(5,498)		(5,498)
Dividend recognised as distribution (note 12)	-	-	-	(117,458)	(117,458)		(117,458)
At 31st March, 2012	156,611	404,370	14,625	558,896	1,134,502	417	1,134,919
Profit for the year Exchange differences arising from	-	-	-	244,994	244,994	-	244,994
translation of foreign operations Share of other comprehensive	-	-	(740)	-	(740)	-	(740)
income of an associate Reclassification adjustment to profit or	-	-	711	-	711	-	711
loss upon deemed disposal of interest of an associate	-	-	(1,289)	-	(1,289)	-	(1,289
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	-	-	(1,318)	244,994	243,676	-	243,676
Dividend recognised as distribution (note 12)	-	-	-	(176,188)	(176,188)	-	(176,188
At 31st March, 2013	156,611	404,370	13,307	627,702	1,201,990	417	1,202,407

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Operating activities Profit (loss) before taxation Adjustments for: Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of investment property Share of result of an associate Gain on deemed disposal of interest in an associate Interest income Net exchange gain	1,482 333 (78,048)	(6,708) 1,352 333 2,522
Profit (loss) before taxation Adjustments for: Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of investment property Share of result of an associate Gain on deemed disposal of interest in an associate Interest income Net exchange gain	1,482 333 (78,048) (165,635)	1,352 333
Profit (loss) before taxation Adjustments for: Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of investment property Share of result of an associate Gain on deemed disposal of interest in an associate Interest income Net exchange gain	1,482 333 (78,048) (165,635)	1,352 333
Adjustments for: Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of investment property Share of result of an associate Gain on deemed disposal of interest in an associate Interest income Net exchange gain	1,482 333 (78,048) (165,635)	1,352 333
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of investment property Share of result of an associate Gain on deemed disposal of interest in an associate Interest income Net exchange gain	333 (78,048) (165,635)	333
Depreciation of investment property Share of result of an associate Gain on deemed disposal of interest in an associate Interest income Net exchange gain	333 (78,048) (165,635)	333
Share of result of an associate Gain on deemed disposal of interest in an associate Interest income Net exchange gain	(78,048) (165,635)	
Gain on deemed disposal of interest in an associate Interest income Net exchange gain	(165,635)	2,522
an associate Interest income Net exchange gain		
Interest income Net exchange gain		
Net exchange gain		(4. 572)
	(987)	(1,572)
	(2,260)	(6,390)
Reversal of provisions	(3,173)	_
Compensation on land expropriation		
from PRC government	4,114	
Operating cash flows before movements		
in working capital	1,184	(10,463)
Decrease in completed properties for sale	1,437	227
Increase in other receivables	(8,220)	_
(Increase) decrease in deposits and prepayments	(70)	27
Decrease in other payables and accrued charges	(450)	(550)
Increase (decrease) in deposits received	58	(149)
Increase (decrease) in amount due to		
a related company	597	(961)
Cash used in operations	(5,464)	(11,869)
Income taxes paid	(346)	(160)
(E)		,
Net cash used in operating activities		

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

		2013	2012
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Investing activities			
Interest received		987	1,572
Dividend received from an associate		61,200	_
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(400)	(1,787)
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and			
equipment		592	_
Net cash from (used in) investing activities		62,379	(215)
	1000		
Cash used in financing activity			
Dividend paid		(168,685)	(112,456)
·	100	, , ,	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(112,116)	(124,700)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(112,110)	(124,700)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning			
of the year		473,155	597,413
of the year		473,133	337,413
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		220	442
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		361,259	473,155
7 **			18.00
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents			
Bank balances and cash		361,259	473,155

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

1. GENERAL

The Company is a public company incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). Its parent is Lee & Leung (B.V.I.) Limited incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and the directors of the Company consider that its ultimate parent to be First Trend Management (PTC) Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands which is held by HSBC International Trustee Limited for Lee & Leung Family Trust, the settlor of which is Mr. Lee Lap.

The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the section headed "Corporate information" of the Company's Annual Report.

The Group is principally engaged in property investment and development.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

Amendments to HKAS 12
Amendments to HKFRS 7

Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets Financial Instruments: Disclosures – Transfers of Financial Assets

The application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

The Group has not early applied the following new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to HKFRSs Amendments to HKFRS 7

Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12

Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27

HKFRS 9 HKFRS 10 HKFRS 11 HKFRS 12 HKFRS 13

Amendments to HKAS 1 HKAS 19 (Revised 2011) HKAS 27 (Revised 2011) HKAS 28 (Revised 2011) Amendments to HKAS 32 HK(IFRIC) – Int 20 Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009-2011 Cycle¹
Disclosures – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities¹

Mandatory Effective Date of HKFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures²

Consolidated Financial Statements, Joint Arrangements and Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance¹

Investment Entities⁴

Financial Instruments²

Consolidated Financial Statements¹

Joint Arrangements¹

Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities¹

Fair Value Measurement¹

Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income³

Employee Benefits¹

Separate Financial Statements¹

Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures¹
Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities⁴
Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface

Mine¹

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2013

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2015

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st July, 2012

⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2014

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

New and revised standards on consolidation, associates and disclosures

In June 2011, a package of standards on consolidation, associates and disclosures was issued, including HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12, HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011) and HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011).

Key requirements of HKFRS 10 and HKFRS 12 are described below.

HKFRS 10 replaces the parts of HKAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements that deal with consolidated financial statements. HK (SIC)-Int 12 Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities will be withdrawn upon the effective date of HKFRS 10. HKFRS 10 includes a new definition of control that contains three elements: (a) power over an investee, (b) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and (c) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns. Extensive guidance has been added in HKFRS 10 to deal with complex scenarios.

HKFRS 12 is a disclosure standard and is applicable to entities that have interests in subsidiaries, associates and/or unconsolidated structured entities. In general, the disclosure requirements in HKFRS 12 are more extensive than those in the current standards.

In July 2012, the amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKFRS 12 were issued to clarify certain transitional guidance on the application of these HKFRSs for the first time.

These standards, together with the amendments relating to the transitional guidance, will be adopted in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the annual period beginning 1st April, 2013. The application of these standards is not expected to have significant impact on amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

The amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income introduce new terminology for the statement of comprehensive income and income statement. Under the amendments to HKAS 1, a 'statement of comprehensive income' is renamed as a 'statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income'. The amendments to HKAS 1 also retain the option to present profit or loss and other comprehensive income in either a single statement or in two separate but consecutive statements. However, the amendments to HKAS 1 require items of other comprehensive income to be grouped into two categories: (a) items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (b) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Income tax on items of other comprehensive income is required to be allocated on the same basis – the amendments do not change the option to present items of other comprehensive income either before tax or net of tax.

The amendments to HKAS 1 are effective for the Group's annual periods beginning on 1st April 2013. The presentation of items of other comprehensive income will be modified accordingly when the amendments are applied.

The directors of the Company consider that the application of the other new and revised HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment in an associate

An associate is an entity over which the group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of an associate are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of that associate.

When the end of the reporting period of the Group is different from that of the associate, the associate prepares, for the use of the Group, financial statements as of the same date as the financial statements of the Group unless it is impracticable to do so. At that case, if the financial statements of an associate used in applying the equity method are prepared as of a different date from that of the Group, adjustments will be made for the effects of significant transactions or events that occur between that date and the date of the Group's financial statements. In any case, the difference between the end of the reporting period of the associate and that of the Group shall be no more than three months. The length of the reporting periods and any difference between the ends of the reporting periods shall be the same from period to period.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an associate recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Investment in an associate (continued)

The requirements of HKAS 39 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 *Impairment of Assets* as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When a group entity transacts with its associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interest in the associate that are not related to the Group.

For disposal or deemed disposal of interests in an associate that does not result in the Group losing significant influence over the associate, the difference between the then carrying amount of the associate attributable to the interests disposed and the share of net assets attributable to the interests disposed after taking into account the relevant event is included in the determination of the gain or loss on the disposal of interests. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income (i.e. exchange translation reserve) relating to that reduction in ownership interest is reclassified to profit or loss as if the associate has disposed the related assets or liabilities proportionately.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods sold and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes.

Revenue from sale of properties in the ordinary course of business is recognised when the respective properties have been completed and delivered to the buyers. Deposits and instalments received from purchasers prior to meeting the above criteria for revenue recognition are included in the consolidated statement of financial position under current liabilities.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including leasehold land (classified as finance lease) and buildings held for administrative purposes are stated in the consolidated financial statements at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Investment property

Investment property is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment property is initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of investment property over its estimated useful life and after taking into account of its estimated residual value, using the straight-line method.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

Properties for sale

Properties for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises the cost of land, development expenditure, other attributable costs and borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policies.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment losses on tangible assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

A financial guarantee contract issued by the Group and not designated as at fair value through profit or loss is recognised initially at its fair value less transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial guarantee contract. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures the financial guarantee contract at the higher of: (i) the amount of obligation under the contract, as determined in accordance with HKAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets; and (ii) the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with the revenue recognition policy.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

Financial assets

The Group's financial assets are classified as into loans and receivables. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest income is rec<mark>ognised</mark> on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables (including other receivables, pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash) are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any identified impairment loss (see accounting policy on impairment of financial assets below).

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Loans and receivables are considered to be impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the loans and receivables, the estimated future cash flows of the loans and receivables have been affected.

Objective evidence of impairment could include:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or
- breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in interest and principal payments; or
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organisation.

The amount of the impairment loss recognised is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the loans and receivables original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the loans and receivables is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified either as financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities (including other payables and amount due to a related company) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the directors' best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (the exchange translation reserve).

For all partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates that are foreign operations and do not result in the Group losing significant influence), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leasing

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The Group as lessor

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

The Group as lessee

Operating leases payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

Leasehold land and building

When a lease includes both land and building elements, the Group assesses the classification of each element as a finance or an operating lease separately based on the assessment as to whether substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of each element have been transferred to the Group, unless it is clear that both elements are operating leases in which case the entire lease is classified as an operating lease.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from "profit before tax" as reported in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and an associate, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interest are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans, including the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme and state-managed retirement pension schemes, are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

4. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, retained profits and other reserves.

The management reviews the capital structure on a regular basis. As a part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends as well as the issue of new debt.

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Financial assets		
Loans and receivables		
(including ca <mark>sh</mark> and cash equivalents)	367,407	475,197
Financial liabilities		
Liabilities at amortised cost	2,920	2,497
	_,	

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The management of the Group has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(i) Market risk

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the foreign currency risk and the interest rate risk.

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which it manages and measures risks.

Foreign currency risk management

Certain bank balances of the Group are denominated in currencies which are different from the functional currency of the relevant group entity and therefore the Group is exposed to foreign currency risk. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management of the Group monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign exchange exposure should the need arises. The carrying amounts of the Group's major foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities, including intra-group balances at the reporting date are as follows:

	Ass	ets	Liabilities				
	2013	2012	2013	2012			
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
				1			
Group							
HK\$	10,607	10,604	_	/			
United S <mark>tat</mark> es dollar ("USD")	326	452	_	- 4			
Intra-group balances							
HK\$	127,010	125,425	318,428	316,982			

Sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in the functional currencies of the relevant group entities against the relevant foreign currencies. 5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and also intra-group balances denominated in foreign currencies and adjusts their translation at the year end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(i) Market risk (continued)

Foreign currency risk management (continued)

Sensitivity analysis (continued)

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the foreign currency exposure in relation to the HK\$ and USD exchange rate fluctuation is not significant as HK\$ is pegged to USD. For this reason, the sensitivity analysis below does not reflect this.

The sensitivity analysis below shows the impact relates to monetary assets or liabilities that are denominated in HK\$ or USD against the functional currency of relevant group entities, Renminbi ("RMB").

Where the functional currency of the relevant group entity strengthens 5% against the relevant foreign currencies, there would be an increase in the post-tax profit of HK\$9,040,000 (2012: decrease in the post-tax loss of HK\$9,048,000) for the year.

A 5% weakening of the functional currency would have an equal but opposite impact on the post-tax profit for the year (2012: post-tax loss).

Interest rate risk management

The Group is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to its interest bearing financial instruments which are mainly pledged bank deposits and bank balances. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. The management of the Group monitors interest rate risk exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis

Since the interest income derived from pledged bank deposits and bank balances is minimal, no sensitivity analysis in relation to the interest rates for pledged bank deposits and bank balances is presented.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(ii) Credit risk management

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties and financial guarantee provided by the Group is arising from:

- the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position; and
- the amount of contingent liabilities in relation to financial guarantees issued by the Group as disclosed in notes 23(a) and (b).

The management reviews the recoverable amount of each receivable at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group has concentration of credit risk as 70% (2012: 93%) of aggregated amounts of pledged bank deposits and bank balance represented deposits placed in a bank. However, the directors of the Company consider that the credit risk of pledged bank deposits and bank balance is limited because the counterparty is a bank with good reputation and high creditworthiness.

The Group has provided guarantees to banks in respect of mortgage loans granted to property purchasers. The guarantees would be released upon delivering the building ownership certificate of the respective property by the customers to the banks as a pledge for security to the mortgage loan granted. The directors considered that the credit risk involved was not significant.

The Group has provided guarantees to banks in respect of facilities granted to an associate. The guarantee would be released when the facilities are fully settled by the associate. The directors considered that the credit risk involved was not significant. The financial guarantee amounting to HK\$30,918,000 was released subsequently after the end of the reporting period.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk management

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities and the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

	On demand or less than 1 month HK\$'000	1 – 2 months HK\$'000	2 months to 1 year HK\$'000	1 – 3 years HK\$'000	Total undiscounted cash flows HK\$'000	Carrying amount HK\$'000
2013						
Other payables	-	-	331	-	331	331
Dividend payable	12,505	-	-	-	12,505	12,505
Amount due to a related						
company	2,589	-	-	-	2,589	2,589
Rental depo <mark>sits r</mark> eceived	82	19	606	3	710	710
Financial guarantee contracts	37,038	-	-	-	37,038	-
歴						
	52,214	19	937	3	53,173	16,135

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

(iii) Liquidity risk management (continued)

	On demand				Total	
	or less than	1 – 2	2 months	1 – 3	undiscounted	Carrying
	1 month	months	to 1 year	years	cash flows	amount
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2012						
Other payables	174	-	331	-	505	505
Dividend payable	5,002	-	M// -	-	5,002	5,002
Amount due to a related						
company	1,992	-	- MA	× -	1,992	1,992
Rental deposits received	200	-	52	400	652	652
Financial guarantee contracts	37,044	-	-	V -	37,044	_
			1			
	44,412	_	383	400	45,195	8,151

The amounts included above for financial guarantee contracts are the maximum amounts the Group could be required to settle under the arrangement for the full guaranteed amount if that amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guarantee. Based on expectations at the end of the reporting period, the Group considers that it is more likely than not that no amount will be payable under the arrangement. The financial guarantee amounting to HK\$30,918,000 was released subsequently after the end of the reporting period.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(c) Fair value

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Sales of properties	3,146	476
Rental income	5,318	5,166
	8,464	5,642

Segment information reported to the chief operating decision maker, the executive directors of the Company, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the one principal operating segment of the Group, namely property investment and development which involved property leasing and sales of properties.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by operating segment.

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Decrease from a second control of the second		
Revenue from property investment and	9 464	F 642
development segment	8,464	5,642
Segment profit from property investment		
and development segment	9,136	5,636
Unallocated other income	946	1,503
Unallocated other gains and losses	3,786	1,707
Unallocated expenses	(12,557)	(13,401)
Share of result of an associate	78,048	(2,522)
Gain on deemed disposal of interest in an associate	165,635	_
Profit (loss) for the year	244,994	(7,077)

All of the segment revenue reported above is from external customers.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 3. Segment profit represents the profit earned by property investment and development segment without allocation of unallocated other income, unallocated other gains and losses, unallocated expenses, share of result of an associate and gain on deemed disposal of interest in an associate. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker of the Group for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Other segment information

	Property investment and development HK\$'000	Unallocated HK\$'000	Total HK\$′000
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit:			
Depreciation Interest income Taxation charge	364 60 364	1,451 927 –	1,815 987 364
For the year ended 31st March, 2012			
	Property investment and		

		rroperty		
		investment and		
		development	Unallocated	Total
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	18			
Amounts included	in the measure			
of segment prof	it:			
Depreciation —		359	1,326	1,685
Interest income		69	1,503	1,572
Taxation charge		369	_	369

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Geographical information

The Group's operations are located in Hong Kong and the People's Republic of China ("PRC").

The Group's revenue from continuing operations from external customers by location where the goods are delivered and services are rendered and information about its non-current assets by geographical location of the assets are detailed below:

Revenue from						
	external c	ust	omers	Non-curre	ent assets	
	2013 2012			2013	2012	
	HK\$'000		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		V				
Hong Kong	2,400		2,400	74,204	76,184	
The PRC	6,064		3,242	70	97	
Unallocated ¹	-		- MIN -	659,262	477,357	
			Jan			
	8,464		5,642	733,536	553,638	

Note: Non-current assets excluded pledged bank deposits.

Information about major customers

Included in external revenue is an amount of HK\$2,400,000 from property leasing to the Group's largest customers for the year ended 31st March, 2013 and 31st March, 2012. No other customer contributed over 10% of revenue in both years.

Segment assets and liabilities

Information of the operating segments of the Group reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment does not include any assets and liabilities. Accordingly, no segment assets and liabilities are presented.

Unallocated non-current assets represent interest in an associate which is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries have operations in both Hong Kong and the PRC. Details are set out in note 16.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

7. OTHER INCOME

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	
Interest income from bank balances Sundry income	987 75	1,572 227	
Compensation on land expropriation from PRC government (Note)	4,114	_	
	5,176	1,799	

Note: The amount represents the PRC government compensation on land expropriation against a piece of land held by the Group in Guangdong province which was fully written off in previous years.

The compensation of HK\$4,114,000 is included in other receivables as at 31st March, 2013 and HK\$3,702,000 was subsequently received after the end of the reporting period.

8. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Net exchange gain Net gain on deemed disposal of interest in	2,260	6,389
an associate (note 16) Reversal of provisions (note 18)	165,635 3,173	-
Reversar or provisions (note 18)	3,173	
	171,068	6,389

9. TAXATION

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Current tax: Hong Kong Profits Tax PRC Enterprise Income Tax	200 31	250 33
Deferred tax (note 20)	231 133	283 86
	364	369

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

9. TAXATION (continued)

Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

PRC Enterprise Income tax is calculated at 25% of the estimated assessable profit for both years.

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit (loss) before taxation per the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Profit (loss) before taxation	245,358	(6,708)
Tax at the applicable income tax rate of 16.5%	40,484	(1,107)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	1,696	2,249
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	(30,200)	(2,160)
Tax effect of share of result of an associate	(12,878)	416
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	997	544
Others	265	427
		1
Tax charge for the year	364	369

Details of the deferred tax are set out in note 20.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

10. PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Profit (loss) for the year has been arrived at		
Profit (loss) for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting):		
Auditor's remuneration		
– current year	1,368	1,100
– underprovision in prior year	58	74
Cost of inventories recognised as expense	1,437	227
Depreciation of		
– property, plant and equ <mark>i</mark> pment	1,482	1,352
– investment property	333	333
Staff costs including directors' emoluments		
other than benefits-in <mark>-kin</mark> d (note)	7,705	8,569
Operating lease rentals in respect of land and buildings	343	314
Gross rental income from investment property	(2,400)	(2,400)
Less: direct operating expense incurred for		
investment property that generated rental		
income during the year	561	544
	(1,839)	(1,856)

Note: The rateable value of the Group's land and buildings provided as accommodation to certain directors of the Company as set out in note 11.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

11. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND SENIOR EMPLOYEES

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The emoluments paid or payable for each of 8 (2012: 8) directors including the Chief Executive were as follows:

		Year ended 31	st March, 2013	
	Fees HK\$'000	Basic salaries, allowances and benefits- in-kind HK\$'000	Contributions to retirement benefit schemes HK\$'000	Total HK\$′000
Executive directors				
Mr. Lee Lap	-	3,800	-	3,800
Mdm. Leung Lai Ping	-	3,300	15	3,315
Mr. Wong Shiu Kee	-	1,500	75	1,575
Mr. Tommy Lee	-	240	12	252
Independent non-executive directors				
Mr. Lo Yiu Hee	100	_	_	100
Mr. Tong Hin Wor	100	-	-	100
Mr. Siu Lok Chow	100	-	-	100
Non-executive director				
Mr. Lee Ka Sz <mark>e, C</mark> armelo	100	-	-	100
	400	8,840	102	9,342

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

11. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND SENIOR EMPLOYEES (continued)

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (continued)

		Year ended 31s	st March, 2012	
	Fees	Basic salaries, allowances and benefits- in-kind	Contributions to retirement benefit schemes	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Executive directors				
Mr. Lee Lap	_	3,800	_	3,800
Mdm. Leung Lai P <mark>ing</mark>	_	3,300	12	3,312
Mr. Wong Shiu K <mark>ee</mark>	_	1,500	75	1,575
Mr. Tommy Lee	_	240	12	252
Independent non-executive directors				
Mr. Lo Yiu Hee	100	_	_	100
Mr. Tong Hin Wor	100	_	_	100
Mr. Siu Lok C <mark>ho</mark> w (appointed <mark>on</mark> 12th December,				
2011)	50	-	-	50
Non-executive director				
Mr. Lee Ka <mark>Sze</mark> , Carmelo	100		_	100
	350	8,840	99	9,289

Mr. Tommy Lee is also the chief executive of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as Chief Executive.

During the year, the land and buildings of the Group with a rateable value of HK\$3,600,000 (2012: HK\$3,600,000) were provided as accommodation to certain directors of the Company and has been included in basic salaries, allowances and benefits-in-kind disclosed above.

In addition to the above, no non-contractual compensation for loss of office was paid. Neither the Chief Executive nor any of the directors waived any emoluments in both years.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

11. EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND SENIOR EMPLOYEES (continued)

(b) Senior employees' emoluments

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, three (2012: three) are directors of the Company, whose emoluments have been included in (a) above.

The emoluments of the remaining two (2012: two) individuals, whose emoluments are individually below HK\$1,000,000, were as follows:

-	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Salaries and other benefits	603	1,100
Contributions to retirement benefit schemes	30	33
		1
	633	1,133

12. DIVIDEND

2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
11114 000	111(\$ 000
_	117,458
	117,150
176,188	-
176,188	117,458
	HK\$'000 - 176,188

No dividend was declared or proposed for the year ended 31st March, 2013 nor any dividend has been proposed since the end of the reporting period.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

13. BASIC EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings (loss) per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Earnings (loss) for the year attributable to owners		
of the Company for the purposes of basic		
earnings (loss) per share	244,994	(7,077)
	Number	of shares
	′000	′000
Number of ordinary sha <mark>res</mark> for the purposes of basic		
earnings (loss) per sh <mark>are</mark>	1,957,643	1,957,643

Diluted earnings (loss) per share is not presented as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue for both years.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

			Furniture, fixtures, equipment and leasehold		
	Leasehold land HK\$'000	Buildings HK\$'000	improvements HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
COST					
At 1st April, 2011 Additions	45,149 –	6,250 -	10,035	7,070 1,787	68,504 1,787
At 31st March, 2012	45,149	6,250	10,035	8,857	70,291
Additions Disposals	-	-	(51)	400 (2,407)	400 (2,458
At 31st March, 2013	45,149	6,250	9,984	6,850	68,233
DEPRECIATION At 4 to A = 11 2044	7 022	2 257	7.060	F F02	22.020
At 1st April, 2011 Provided for the year	7,022 373	2,257 141	7,968 309	5,583 529	22,830 1,352
At 31st March, 2012	7,395	2,398	8,277	6,112	24,182
Provided for the year	372	142	308	660	1,482
Eliminated on disposals		-	(51)	(1,815)	(1,866)
At 31st March, 2013	7,767	2,540	8,534	4,957	23,798
CARRYING VALUES					
At 31st March, 2013	37,382	3,710	1,450	1,893	44,435
At 31st March, 2012	37,754	3,852	1,758	2,745	46,109

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account of their estimated residual value, as follows:

Leasehold land Over the term of the lease

Buildings 40 years or over the remaining lease term of the land on

which the building is situated, if shorter

Furniture, fixtures and equipment

and leasehold improvements

10% to 20%

Motor vehicles 15% to 18%

The carrying value of the Group's leasehold land and buildings is analysed as follows:

in the second se	2013	2012
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Land in Hong Kong and held under:		
Long lease	37,511	37,908
Medium-term lease	3,581	3,698
	41,092	41,606

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

	HK\$'000
COST	
As 1st April, 2011, and 31st March, 2012 and 2013	35,286
DEPRECIATION	
At 1st April, 2011	4,781
Provided for the year	333
At 31st March, 2012	5,114
Provided for the year	333
At 31st March, 2013	5,447
CARRYING VALUES	
At 31st March, 2013	29,839
At 31st March, 2012	30,172

The investment property is situated in Hong Kong with long lease.

The above investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land Buildings

Over the term of the lease

40 years or over the remaining lease term of the land on which the buildings is situated, if shorter

The fair value of the Group's investment property at 31st March, 2013 is HK\$129,400,000 (2012: HK\$118,600,000). The fair value has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on that date by Vigers Appraisal & Consulting Limited ("Vigers"), an independent qualified professional valuer not connected with the Group. Vigers is a member of the Institute of Valuers. The valuation was arrived at by reference to market evidence of recent transaction prices for similar properties in the same locations and conditions.

The Group's investment property is rented out under operating lease.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

16. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Cost of investment in an associate		
-Listed in Hong Kong	295,311	_
–Unlisted	_	473,826
Share of post-acquisition profit and other comprehensive		·
income and effect on deemed disposal of		
interest in an associate	363,951	3,531
	659,262	477,357
Market value of interest in an associate		
– Listed in Hong Kong	1,516,445	_

The financial year end date for the associate is 31st December. For the purpose of applying the equity method of accounting, the audited consolidated financial statements of the associate for the year ended 31st December, 2012 have been used as the Group considers that it is impracticable for the associate to prepare a separate set of audited financial statements as of 31st March, 2013.

Included in the cost of investment in an associate is goodwill of HK\$180,139,000 (2012: HK\$251,701,000) which is the difference between the initial cost of investment and the Group's share of the net value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities as at the date of acquisition of the associate. As at 31st March, 2012, the directors conducted a review of the Group's interest in an associate and the recoverable amount of interest in an associate had been determined by estimating the share of present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the associate, including the cash flows from the operations of the associate and the proceeds on the ultimate disposal of the investment and considered no impairment loss should be recognised.

Included in the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities is intangible assets in relation to incomplete contracts of HK\$Nil (2012: HK\$450,000), determined based on the income-based method, amortised according to the management expectation of realisation of profits of the incomplete contracts over their estimated useful lives of one to two years. The amortisation on intangible assets in relation to incomplete contracts for the year of HK\$450,000 (2012: HK\$42,205,000) has been set off with the share of post-acquisition profit and other comprehensive income.

The Group's shareholdings in the associate was diluted from 45.90% to 32.85% as the associate has issued 102 shares for acquisition of a subsidiary and 287,500,000 shares for Global Offering in June 2012 and March 2013, respectively. As a result, a net gain on deemed disposal of interest in an associate of HK\$165,635,000 was recognised in profit or loss and the relevant accumulated exchange translation reserve of HK\$1,289,000 was reclassified to profit or loss.

During the current year, a dividend of HK\$61,200,000 from pre-acquisition profit was declared by the associate to the Group and was deducted from the cost of investment in an associate.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

16. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

As at 31st March, 2013 and 2012, the Group had interest in the following associate:

Name of entity	Form of equity	Place/ Country of incorporation	Class of shares held	Propor nomina of issued held by t	l value	of vo	ortion oting r held	Principal activity
			_	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Termbray Petro-king Oilfield Services Limited (formerly known as "Termbray Petro-king Oilfield Services (BVI) Limited")	Incorporated	British Virgin Islands	Ordinary	32.85%	45.90%	32.85%	45.90%	Trading of tools and equipment and provision for oilfield consultancy service

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associate at 31st December, 2012 (including the effect on Global Offering) attributable to the Group's interest are set out below:

	31.12.2012	31.12.2011
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Total assats	2 240 005	754.612
Total assets	2,249,985	754,613
Total liabilities	741,498	222,064
Group's share of net assets of an associate		
(excluding goodwill)	475,966	244,440
	1 106 222	FF0 404
Revenue	1,106,333	559,491
Profit (loss) for the year	171,530	(5,495)
Other comprehensive income	1,57 <mark>4</mark>	7,406
The second secon		
Group's share of profit (loss) of an associate	78,048	(2,522)
Group's share of other comprehensive income		
of an associate	711	3,399

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

17. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS/BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Pledged bank deposits and bank balances and cash, which comprise short-term bank deposits, carry interest at effective interest rates ranging from 0.01% to 0.29% (2012: 0.01% to 0.29%) per annum.

Details of the pledged bank deposits are set out in note 23(a).

18. PROVISIONS

At 31st March, 2012, the provision represented management's best estimate of the costs and expenses required to discharge the Group's obligations and liabilities under the warranties and undertakings given in connection with the disposal of subsidiaries engaged in the business of manufacture and sale of printed circuit boards in 1999 as specified in the agreement for the disposal of these subsidiaries. During the year ended 31st March, 2001, the Group received notification from the purchaser raising claims against the Group arising from the warranties and undertakings. It is the intention of the management to contest the claims vigorously.

As at 31st March, 2013, no legal proceedings have yet been instituted against the Group by the purchaser. The management expects that the provision is no longer probable. Accordingly, the provision of HK\$3,173,000 is reversed in current year.

19. AMOUNT DUE TO A RELATED COMPANY

The amount due to a related company is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping, directors of the Company have ultimate beneficial interest and control over the related company.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

20. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

	Accelerated tax depreciation HK\$'000
At 1st April, 2011	844
Charge to profit or loss	86
At 31st March, 2012	930
Charge to profit or loss	133
At 31st March, 2013	1,063

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of HK\$107,355,000 (2012: HK\$103,792,000) available for offset against future profit analysed as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Carried forward to 31st		
December, 2012	-	2,650
December, 2013	2,494	2,459
December, 2014	3,052	3,009
December, 2015	3,301	3,255
December, 2016	3,346	3,299
December, 2017	3,584	_
Carried forward indefinitely	91,578	89,120
100	107,355	103,792

No deferred tax asset had been rec<mark>ognise</mark>d in respect of the unused tax losses as at 31st March, 2013 and 2012 as it was uncertain whether sufficient taxable profits would be available to allow utilisation of the unused tax losses.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

21. SHARE CAPITAL

	2013 & 2012		
	Number of shares	Nominal value	
	′000	HK\$'000	
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.08 each			
Authorised	2,800,000	224,000	
Issued and fully paid	1,957,643	156,611	

There is no movement in share capital during the two years ended 31st March, 2013.

22. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Group as lessor

At the end of the reporting period, the Group's investment property (comprising leasehold interest in land and buildings) and certain properties held for sale with carrying amounts of HK\$29,839,000 (2012: HK\$30,172,000) and HK\$30,364,000 (2012: HK\$24,018,000) respectively were let out under operating leases. The management has been actively marketing the properties held for sale. All of the properties leased out have committed tenants for one year (2012: one to two years).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants for the following future minimum lease payments:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Within one year In the second to fifth years inclusive	3,070	2,668 2,297
	3,070	4,965

The Group as lessee

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Within one year	234	198

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for office premises. These are negotiated and rentals are fixed for a period of one year (2012: one year).

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

23. PLEDGE OF ASSETS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Details of assets pledged and contingent liabilities of the Group outstanding at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

- (a) Bank deposits of HK\$2,000,000 (2012: HK\$2,000,000) were pledged to the banks as security in respect of mortgage loans granted to property purchasers by banks.
- (b) The Group issued financial guarantees to banks in respect of banking facilities granted to an associate. The aggregate amounts that could be required to be paid if the guarantees were called upon in entirety amounted to HK\$37,038,000 (2012: HK\$37,044,000), of which HK\$32,705,000 (2012: HK\$27,804,000) has been utilised by the associate. The directors considered that the fair value of such guarantee on initial recognition was insignificant. The financial guarantee amounting to HK\$30,918,000 was released subsequently after the end of the reporting period.

24. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes 5% of relevant payroll costs to the scheme.

The employees of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC are members of a state-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the PRC government. The subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit scheme is to make the specified contributions.

The total cost charged to profit or loss of HK\$132,000 (2012: HK\$159,000) represents contributions payable to these schemes by the Group in respect of the year.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

25. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, the Group had the following transactions with related parties:

- (a) Pursuant to the tenancy agreements entered into between Panda Investment Company Limited ("Panda Investment") and the Group, the Group leased certain office premises and warehouses of Panda Investment during the year at the agreed rental of HK\$276,000 (2012: HK\$264,000) per annum. Panda Investment is a wholly owned subsidiary of Frist Trend Management (PTC) Limited, the ultimate parent of the Company.
- (b) At 31st March, 2013, the Group had an amount of approximately HK\$2,589,000 (2012: HK\$1,992,000) due to Panda Investment which is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
- (c) Pursuant to a tenancy agreement entered into between Mr. Lee Wing Keung, a son of Mr. Lee Lap and Mdm. Leung Lai Ping, directors of the Company, and the Group, the Group leased its investment property to Mr. Lee Wing Keung for a period of 3 years commencing from 16th March, 2011, at monthly rental of HK\$200,000. The rental income recognised during the year is HK\$2,400,000 (2012: HK\$2,400,000).
- (d) The Group issued financial guarantees to banks in respect of banking facilities granted to an associate. The aggregate amounts that could be required to be paid if the guarantees were called upon in entirety amounted to HK\$37,038,000 (2012: HK\$37,044,000), of which HK\$32,705,000 (2012: HK\$27,804,000) has been utilised by the associate. The directors considered that the fair value of such guarantee on initial recognition was insignificant. The financial guarantee amounting to HK\$30,918,000 was released subsequently after the end of the reporting period.
- (e) The compensation of key management personnel paid or payable by the Group in respect of the year, substantially all of which comprised short term benefits attributable to the directors of the Company, amounted to HK\$9,342,000 (2012: HK\$9,289,000), details of which are set out in note 11(a).

The remuneration of key management personnel is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

For the year ended 31st March, 2013

26. PARTICULARS OF MAJOR SUBSIDIARIES

The following list contains only the particulars of the major subsidiaries at 31st March, 2013 and 2012 which principally affect the results, assets or liabilities of the Group as the directors are of the opinion that a full list of all the subsidiaries would be of excessive length. All the principal subsidiaries are wholly owned subsidiaries and, unless otherwise specified, are operating in their place of incorporation/establishment. None of the subsidiaries had any loan capital outstanding at 31st March, 2013 and 2012 or at any time during the year.

Name of company	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Paid up issued share capital/ registered capital	Proportion of nominal value of issued share capital held by the Company	Principal activities
Direct subsidiary:				
Termbray Electronics (B.V.I.) Limited (i)	British Virgin Islands	100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
Indirect subsidiaries:				
Ever Success Properties Limited (ii)	Hong Kong	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
Termbray (China) Land Development Company Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Investment holding
Termbray (Fujian) Land Development Company Limited	Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Property investment
Termbray (Guangzhou) Land Development Company Lim <mark>ited</mark>	Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	100%	Property holding
Termbray Electronics Company Limited	Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares of HK\$100 each and 10,000 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$100 each	100%	Investment holding and treasury activities
Zhongshan Ever Success Properties Limited (iii)	PRC	Registered capital of RMB1,500,000	100%	Property development

- (i) Operating in Hong Kong
- (ii) Operating in the PRC
- (iii) A limited liability company established in the PRC.

Information about the Statement of Financial Position of the Company

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period includes:

	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000
Total assets		
Unlisted investments in subsidiaries	234,230	234,230
Amounts due from subsidiaries	563,149	802,935
Bank balances and cash	76,418	7,725
Other current assets	168	168
	873,965	1,045,058
		· · ·
Total liabilities		
Dividend payable	12,505	5,002
Other current liabilities	1,113	1,064
	13,618	6,066
	860,347	1,038,992
Total equity		
Share capital	156,611	156,611
Reserves	703,736	882,381
	860,347	1,038,992

Movement in reserve

	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Retained profits HK\$'000	Contributed surplus HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1st April, 2011	156,611	404,370	89,063	191,810	841,854
Profit for the year and total compr <mark>ehensive income</mark> for the year	p _	-	314,596	-	314,596
Dividend recognised as distribution	ـــ با	-	(117,458)	_	(117,458)
At 31st March, 2012	156,611	404,370	286,201	191,810	1,038,992
Loss for the year and total comprehensive expense for the year	-	-	(2,457)	-	(2,457)
Dividend recognised as distribution		-	(176,188)		(176,188)
At 31st March, 2013	156,611	404,370	107,556	191,810	860,347

List of Major Properties

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

Property location	Use	Approximate gross floor area	Group's Attribution interest
		Sq.m.	<u>%</u>
90-124 An Lan Road,	Commercial and car park	15,152	100
Zhongshan,	Residential	24,413	100
Guangdong Province			

Five Year Financial Summary

The following tables summarize certain consolidated financial information in respect of the Group's results, assets and liabilities for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

	Year ended 31st March,				
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
					(note)
Revenue	8,464	5,642	9,160	5,700	218,809
Profit (loss) before taxation – continuing operations	245,358	(6,708)	(6,716)	(25,016)	32,899
 discontinued operations 	-		126,876	123,381	
	245,358	(6,708)	120,160	98,365	32,899
Taxation – continuing operations – discontinued operations	(364)	(369)	(342) (3,873)	(322) (29,117)	(11,041)
1	(364)	(369)	(4,215)	(29,439)	(11,041)
Profit (loss) for the year Attributable to owners	244,994	(7,077)	115,945	68,926	21,858
of the Company Attributable to non-	244,994	(7,077)	109,516	22,977	(6,629)
controlling interests	-	_	6,429	45,949	28,487

Note:

Included result of Termbray Petro-king Group which operation was discontinued in Oct 2010. The Directors considered that it is impractical for the Group to restate the result of Termbray Petro-king Group of 2009 separately.

Five Year Financial Summary

CONSOLIDATED ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	1 NO/				
	As at 31st March,				
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	44,435	46,109	45,674	57,378	56,010
Investment property	29,839	30,172	30,505	30,839	31,173
Investment in an associate	659,262	477,357	476,480	_	_
Pledged bank deposits	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,034	2,034
Goodwill	-	11172	-	247,121	243,318
Intangible assets	-	^\ -	-	5,226	8,213
Current assets	490,535	598,340	718,597	1,143,762	1,064,065
TOTAL ASSETS	1,226,071	1,153,978	1,273,256	1,486,360	1,404,813
CURRENT LIABILITIES	(22,601)	(18,129)	(14,537)	(218,911)	(88,927)
	(, , , , , ,)	(2.2.2)	()	/	/
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	(1,063)	(930)	(844)	(5,797)	(127,090)
NET ASSETS	1,202,407	1,134,919	1,257,875	1,261,652	1,188,796
Equity attributable to owners					
of the Company	1,201,990	1,134,502	1,257,458	1,150,803	1,124,096
Non-controlling interests	417	417	417	110,849	64,700
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1			
TOTAL EQUITY	1,202,407	1,134,919	1,257,875	1,261,652	1,188,796

PER SHARE DATA

	Year ended 31st March,				
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
	HK cents	HK cents	HK cents	HK cents	HK cents
		-			
Basic earnings (loss) per share	12.51	(0.36)	5.59	1.17	(0.34)
			the land	The Real Property lies	in the said
Dividends per share					
Interim dividend	_	6	-	-	-
Final dividend	_	9	_	_	_
(4) 17 (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19)					
Net asset value per share	61.42	57.97	64.25	64.45	60.73